

THE DAILY TELEGRAM

The Leading Newspaper of Central West Virginia.

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THURSDAY, MAY 4, 1916.

An Evening Echo.

Never speak ill of a person unless you are sure of your facts, and even if you could speak ill of him, you are better off to keep your tongue.

K. LAVATEL.

Secretary Baker declares that the services of his chief of staff, General Hugh Scott, are "eminently satisfactory." Considering Baker's limited experience as a war secretary, General Scott is apt to consider himself damned with faint praise.

The Bryan family seems to be nearing the end of its road in Nebraska politics. Brother Charlie was denied the nomination for governor which he wanted from the Democrats and brother Bill turned up as tail-endor on the ticket for delegates to the St. Louis convention. And, as a means of rubbing it in, Henry Ford, who stands for the Bryan policy of pacifism, was a drawing card in the Republican primaries held at the same time.

Nobody at Washington—or else where, for that matter—yet knows just why the president took the U-boat message to Congress. He accomplished nothing by it that could not have been procured by the publication of his note to Berlin. He asked for no action by Congress, not even for approval of what he had done. The days immediately preceding his going to the capital contained no lulling of such a purpose—though there were the familiar pictures of the president burning the midnight oil over the phraseology of the note. All at once he determines to go to Congress. Why? No explanation has yet been found that does not run, in the last analysis, into the president's own personal and political necessities.

Two Sensations.

Two political sensations that were sprung in the state of Utah lately have brought consternation to the Democrats. N. L. Morris, a delegate to the Progressive state convention, started the delegates with the statement that so far as fundamental principles were concerned, the Republicans and Progressives stood on common ground. He returned to the Republican camp and was accompanied by many other members of the Progressive party. He was elected a delegate to the Republican judicial convention, in which he participated.

The other sensation was the announcement of former State Senator Bamberger, a life long Democrat, that he is not only opposed to the removal of the tariff on sugar but recognizes the need of a tariff "on more things than one to protect the farmers, manufacturers, and workmen of this country." Senator Bamberger is a prominent business man in Utah, and was assured of the Democratic nomination for the United States Senate if he would accept it. He declined, evidently because he was no longer in sympathy with the policy of his party.

A Marked Difference.

There is a marked difference between the language which Mr. Wilson employs in his discussions with and of the German government and the language which he uses to and of Venustiano Carranza.

There is also a marked difference between the geographic conditions which relate to the Germans and the Mexicans and the United States.

Between us and the Germans roll 3,000 miles of blue ocean on which floats the British navy as our sure defense. Between us and Mexico flows the Rio Grande, along which is strung a tenuous thread of American troops.

The president's attitude in the two instances reminds us of the "self-made heroes" whom the cartoonists depict. To the powerful Germans, 5,000 miles away and on the other side of the British fleet, Mr. Wilson uses harsh and peremptory words. To Carranza, just over the river, he uses honeyed language, enters upon negotiations and generally displays the utmost consideration.

We wonder why.

The Robinson Campaign.

The Parkersburg State Journal, in its great anxiety to further the Lilly-White campaign in West Virginia, comments quite unfairly on a speech made by Judge Robinson at Philippi, Saturday of last week. The news reports of the meeting stated that the judge had paid high compliment to the ladies in his audience and that he had talked for an hour on national issues, mentioning only briefly his own candidacy for the governorship. The State Journal thinks the judge could have better improved his time by a denunciation of the Republican administration of West Virginia—a denunciation such as has weakened the Journal's candidate for the governorship from the very first day that it was attempted.

When Judge Robinson became a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor he did not start out by playing into the hands of the state Democracy, like General Lilly and the State Journal is doing. He started out as a candidate for the Republican nomination—a nomination that he hopes to receive at the hands of Republicans. He did not open his campaign by denouncing an administration of which he had to an extent been a part up to the time of resigning and giving up his salary together with his position to become a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination. Judge Robinson started out in the hope of not only being given the nomination in the primary election June 6, but he hopes to be elected after nomination.

Judge Robinson is an ardent Republican. He has faith in the Republican party. He is firm in his conviction that West Virginia is not suffering illa that the Republican party cannot cure. He prefers that his party shall cure the illa, if any exist. He has always been a Republican. If the party is afflicted in any way, if amputation is necessary, if operation is required, he believes that the Republican party can produce its own physicians and surgeons to make the cure and perform the operations. The judge does not appear before the people and tell them he will do this, that and the other—if elected governor. He does not address intelligent people who know better and tell them that in him lies the salvation of mankind (and he'd be lying if he did tell it) nor does he stand up on the stump and bawl out that taxes are too big; elect me and I'll reduce them!

Oh, no; Judge Robinson is not that kind of a back-alley politician. He appears before an intelligent audience as an intelligent citizen should appear, and he addresses them in an intelligent manner. He has never played to the galleries—and he never will. He is not interested in attaching to himself the riff-raff of every community. All that he asks of all men is that they consider his claim for the nomination, his ability to serve the state as its governor. For the rest he is content to have it remain in the safe-keeping of the Republican party, knowing full well, and having his hearers know full well, that the Republican party is able to cure any illa with which the state may be suffering.

Yes—there's a vast difference between the campaign methods of the two candidates for the governorship. There's somewhat of a difference between the methods now being employed by the State Journal and the Charleston Gazette, Huntington Advertiser, Wheeling Register et al. The Robinson method is the method that is today receiving the approbation of a vast majority of the people of West Virginia, and it remains only for the people of the party to administer the rebuke that is coming to the Robinson opposition—coming swiftly and surely on June 6, in the nominating primary, when the people of the state will say.

Junk.

The waste in every household is considerable. Part is unavoidable waste and part is necessary waste. Altogether too much food goes into the garbage can. Clothes are not taken care of, are not pressed or mended, or hung up when not in use and so become shabby long before their usefulness is ended. Shoes that with a little mending would go many a mile are thrown out, and throughout the house there is waste. The attic bears testimony to this fact.

Waste that is waste should not be hoarded, but turned into profit. Old rubbers, rags, iron, can be turned into many an honest penny, and clothing that has served its day may be sold to second hand dealers glad to get such articles.

The conservation of household waste affords a living for thousands of people. The junk man is usually a leading citizen, well housed and well fixed. The privilege of "trimming" the scows that take the waste of New York to sea is worth millions annually. It makes millionsaires. And the waste that finds its way to the garbage scow is what breaks some families.

A certain school teacher has the right idea. Every spring she asks the children to bring to the school the worn out rubbers of the winter, and from the proceeds she buys pictures for the walls and phonograph records for the dances. At times these contributions amount to over half a ton. Waste becomes profitable as you get it together. And when so gathered it should be used for a good purpose as a standing object lesson that "waste conserved is profit earned."

Here is a junk story from the far East: A Japanese rag man of excellent speech and manner has been making a canvass, offering to buy all the old junk offered. Instead of paying cash he gives a coupon good at a certain bank, where it must be left untouched for a certain number of years.

Upon investigation the ragman turned out to be a former superintendent of Yokohama police and manager of a large dock corporation, interested in teaching his people the proper use of junk.

Junk money is apt to be regarded as "easy money" and spent foolishly. While it is easy money, it should be conserved to usefulness and not wasted. The school teacher uses one method, the Japanese junk man another, but both tending in the right direction. We can teach our children no better lesson than to avoid waste, but avoiding all possible waste is to use the junk that it will prove a lasting benefit. Save your junk and save the money your junk turns in.

THE DAILY NOVELET

WOUNDED.

No! It is a lady.

Last night she died;

She will look quite pretty

When her hair has dried.

There wasn't a seat left in the

bus from London to Tewkesbury via

Hamptonshire, and all the best standing

room had fast in it. You've

guessed it perspicacious reader, the

'bus was crowded.

"Make way for a sofer!" cried a

dear old fish woman in a corner. A

tall man with his head swathed in

bandages above his moody face had

entered at Hot Cross station.

Old Colonel Sneider, 92 years of

age came. Candelmas, rose painfully

to his crutch.

"Honor me by taking my seat,"

he quavered.

With a stern, set, silent face the

moody man with the bandage head

sank into the colonel's seat.

All the way to Tewkesbury, where

he alighted, the "busful of adoring

eyes never left his saturnine face and

wounded head; but so stern was he,

so majestic and moody, that no one

dared ask him for the story of his

wounds, except when the dear old

fish lady called, "What was it, sir,

a sharp or a bayonet?"

His dark face clouded still more.

"A badly bruised head," he said

moodyly. And he disappeared, and

by that time somebody else had Col-

onel Sneider's seat.

LIFE'S LITTLE LIES.

"This picture was produced

by the Keelograph company at

a cost of \$1,000,000."

HARD ON THE EARS.

"You are wanted at head-

quarters."

LIQUID OCCUPATION.

Trying to pick up a drop of

quicksilver with a pair of ice

tongs.

STATHERS AND ROBINSON ARE SURE WINNERS

Candidacy of A. B. Moore for Auditor is Also Making Rapid Progress.

(By Harry Harper Dawson.)

ELLENBORO, May 4.—As the day

for the primary election approaches,

it is truly amazing how the candi-

dacy of Hon. Birk S. Stathers, a

prominent candidate for the attorney

generalship, is progressing. Mr.

Stathers is a native of the adjoining

county of Tyler, and his troops of

friends and ardent admirers, who ap-

preciate his sterling worth as a law-

yer and staunch Republican, are rally-

ing to his support in fine style and

unless all signs fail, he will come

under the wire a winner when the

ballots are counted on the evening

of June 6, and no more deserving or

abler man can be a winner.

Judge Ira E. Robinson continues

to gain ground in every section, and

the consensus of opinion is that the

longer the primary is delayed the

more votes materialize for the Grat-

ton jurist.

Alva B. Moore, of New Martins-

ville, candidate for auditor, seems to

have a big lead in Ritchie and ad-

joining counties, where he is so well

known. Mr. Moore served for years

as the official stenographer of the

Third judicial circuit, and made

many warm friends during the time.

He was also extensively interested in

the production of petroleum in

Ritchie county and has a host of

warm friends among the oil fratern-

ity. Mr. Moore is a clean, Christian

gentleman, eminently qualified to

discharge the duties devolving on an

auditor, and his Republicanism is un-

questioned.

His RESTLESS NIGHTS LASTED

25 LONG YEARS

Thanks to Nerv-Worth, It's

Different Now with L. D.

Martin, of Shinnston.

It is the glory of Nerv-Worth that

it overcomes illa of the flesh which

have become exceedingly deep-rooted

by reason of a long continued exis-

tence. Here is ample proof of the

statement:

Burke's Drug Store—I have had

nervous stomach troubles for the

last 25 years.

I could not sleep at all and I have

doctored with several doctors and

have taken all kinds of medicines and

none of it seemed to do any good.

But now I have taken one and a

half bottle of Nerv-Worth and I

feel like a different man.

I can sleep well and I feel fine and

I will recommend Nerv-Worth to all

my friends.

L. D. MARTIN.

Nerv-Worth steadies the nerves.

Nerv-Worth tones up the liver.

Nerv-Worth aids digestion.

Nerv-Worth regulates all kinds

of illa arising from disordered nerves.

Your dollar back at Burke's Drug

Store if Nerv-Worth fails to do these

things for YOU—Advertisement.

CITY WATER TODAY.

Following is today's test for fever and other germs as made by

the Water Board's chemist and bacteriologist at the filtration plant.

Also rainfall for twenty-four hours ending at 10 o'clock today:

ANALYSIS. Bacillus coli present in

1.0 c.c. 0.1 c.c. 1.0 c.c. 10. c. :

River water 500 0 x x x

City water 0 0 0 0

EXPLANATION. (about a thimbleful). Bacillus coli—

Intestinal germ. X—Present. 0—Absent. Rainfall .23

Political Announcements

For United States Senator.

I am a candidate for the Republican

nomination for United States Senator, sub-

ject to the primary election to be held

June 6, 1916, and will greatly appreciate

your vote and influence. W. F. RITH.

Huntington, W. Va.

Congressman-at-Large Howard Ruther-

ford announces his candidacy for the

United States Senate subject to Republican

primary, June 6. Your vote and influence

earnestly solicited.

REED FOR CONGRESS.

The Telegram has been authorized to an-

nounce the candidacy of Stuart F. Reed, of

Clarksburg, Harrison county, for the Re-

publican nomination for Congress, from the

Third Congressional district of West

Virginia.

STATE OFFICES

For Governor.

I am a candidate for the nomination for

Governor of West Virginia on the Repub-

lican ticket, subject to the primary elec-

tion, June 6, 1916, and respectfully solicit

your vote and influence. IRA E. ROBINSON.

Gratton, W. Va.

I am a candidate for the Republican

nomination for Governor of West Vir-

ginia, subject to the primary election, to

be held June 6, 1916, and respectfully

solicit your support. A. A. LILLY.

Beckley, W. Va.

For Secretary of State.

Please announce my candidacy for Sec-

retary of State. I was born on a Harrison

county farm and am proud to be a citizen

of that county for support in the primary on

June 6. HOUSTON GOFF YOUNG.

Charleston, W. Va.

I am a candidate for the Republican

nomination for Secretary of State, subject

to the primary election, June 6, 1916. I

will appreciate your vote and influence.

MIKE M. KING.

Elkins, W. Va.

For Attorney General.

I am a candidate for the Republican

nomination for Attorney General of West

Virginia, subject to the primary, June 6,

1916, and solicit your vote and influence.

BIRK S. STATHERS.

Weston, W. Va.

I am a candidate for the nomination for

Attorney General of West Virginia, subject

to the Republican primary election, June

6, 1916, and will appreciate your vote and

support. E. T. ENGLAND.

Logan, W. Va.

For State Treasurer.

I am a candidate for the Republican

nomination for State Treasurer, subject to

the primary election June 6, 1916, and

earnestly solicit the support and influ-

ence of the voters of West Virginia.

ELLIS A. YOST.

Morgantown, W. Va.

For State Senate.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate

for the Republican nomination for State

Senate in the Twelfth Senatorial district,

subject to the primary election, June 6,

1916, and respectfully solicit the support

of the voters of West Virginia.

WALLACE B. GRUBBLE.

West Union, W. Va.

For House of Delegates.

I am a candidate for the nomination for

the House of Delegates for Harrison coun-

ty on the Republican ticket, subject to

the primary election, June 6, 1916, and

respectfully solicit your vote and influ-

ence. GEORGE W. STICK.

West Milford, W. Va.

I am a candidate for the Republican

nomination for member of the House of

Delegates for Harrison county, subject to

the primary election, June 6, 1916, and

earnestly solicit your vote and influ-

ence. S. R. HARRISON, JR.

Clarksburg, W. Va.

I am a candidate for the Republican

nomination for member of the House of

Delegates for Harrison county, subject to